

NAME Key

Chemistry Worksheet - Wavelength, frequency, & energy of electromagnetic waves.

Show ALL equations, work, units, and significant figures in performing the following calculations. Identify the type of radiation in each problem. (Use your electromagnetic spectrum)

$$c = f\lambda$$

$$E = hf$$

$$c = 3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s (or J/Hz)}$$

1. What is the wavelength of a 2.99 Hz wave?

$$c = f\lambda$$

$$3.00 \times 10^8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} = 2.99 / \text{s} \cdot \lambda$$

$$1.0 \times 10^8 \text{ m} = \lambda$$

2. What is the frequency of a  $7.43 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$  wave?

$$c = f\lambda$$

$$3.00 \times 10^8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} = f (7.43 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m})$$

$$0.404 \times 10^{13} / \text{s} = f$$

$$4.04 \times 10^{12} / \text{s} = f$$

3. What is the wavelength of a  $4.34 \times 10^{15} / \text{s}$  wave?

$$c = f\lambda$$

$$3.00 \times 10^8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} = 4.34 \times 10^{15} / \text{s} \cdot \lambda$$

$$0.691 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m} = \lambda$$

$$6.91 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m} = \lambda$$

4. What is the frequency of a  $5.6 \times 10^{10} \mu\text{m}$  wave? ( $\mu\text{m} \times 10^{-6} = \text{m}$ )

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 5.6 \times 10^{10} \frac{\mu\text{m}}{\mu\text{m}} \frac{1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}}{\mu\text{m}} = 5.6 \times 10^4 \text{ m} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} c = f\lambda \\ 3.00 \times 10^8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} = f \cdot 5.6 \times 10^4 \text{ m} \end{array} \right\} \textcircled{2}$$

5. What is the energy of a  $7.66 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$  wave?  $E = hf$

$$E = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s} (7.66 \times 10^{14} / \text{s})$$

$$E = 50.755 \times 10^{-20} \text{ J}$$

$$= 50.8 \times 10^{-20} \text{ J}$$

$$= 5.08 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

6. What is the frequency of a wave carrying  $8.35 \times 10^{-18}$  J of energy?

$$E = hf$$

$$8.35 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J} = (6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}) f$$

$$\frac{1.2602 \times 10^{+16}}{1.26 \times 10^{+16} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}} = f$$

7. What is the frequency of a  $1.78 \times 10^{-15}$  J wave?

$$E = hf$$

$$1.78 \times 10^{-15} \text{ J} = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s} f$$

$$0.269 \times 10^{19} \text{ /s} = f$$

$$2.69 \times 10^{18} \text{ /s} = f$$

8. What is the wavelength of a  $7.65 \times 10^{-17}$  J wave?

$$E = hf$$

$$7.65 \times 10^{-17} \text{ J} = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s} \cdot f$$

$$1.15 \times 10^{17} \text{ /s} = f$$

$$c = f\lambda$$

$$3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s} = 1.15 \times 10^{17} \text{ /s} \cdot \lambda$$

$$2.6 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m} = \lambda$$

9. What is the wavelength of a  $1.32 \times 10^{-6}$  J wave?

$$E = hf \text{ or } E = h \frac{c}{\lambda}$$

$$1.32 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J} = \frac{6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s} (3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s})}{\lambda}$$

$$1.32 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J} \cdot \lambda = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s} (3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s})$$

$$1.32 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J} \cdot \lambda = 19.9 \times 10^{-26} \text{ J}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{19.9 \times 10^{-26} \text{ J}\cdot\text{m}}{1.32 \times 10^{-6} \text{ J}}$$

$$\lambda = 15.08 \times 10^{-20} \text{ m}$$

$$= 1.51 \times 10^{-19} \text{ m}$$